



Impact of Commercial Electric Vehicles on Flexible Pavement Performance

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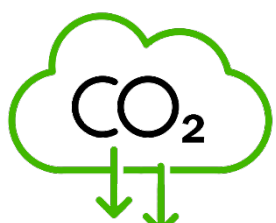
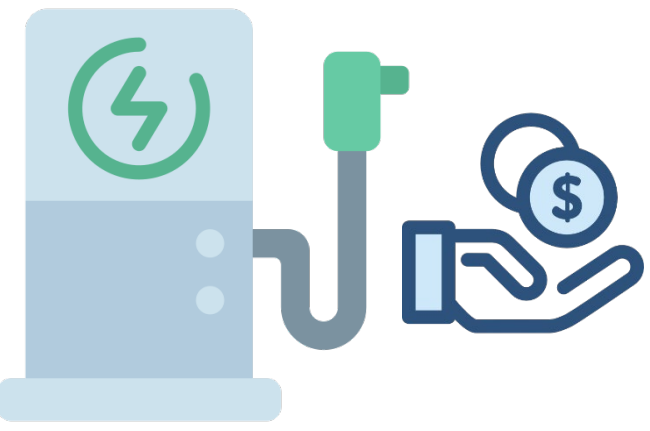
TRUCK ELECTRIFICATION CHALLENGES

Truck electrification will accelerate decarbonization of HD vehicles, reducing global warming potential up to 86% and generating up to 44% energy savings.

Combined impact of increased torque, axle loading, and weight distribution needs to be assessed for potential modifications in pavement design and maintenance.



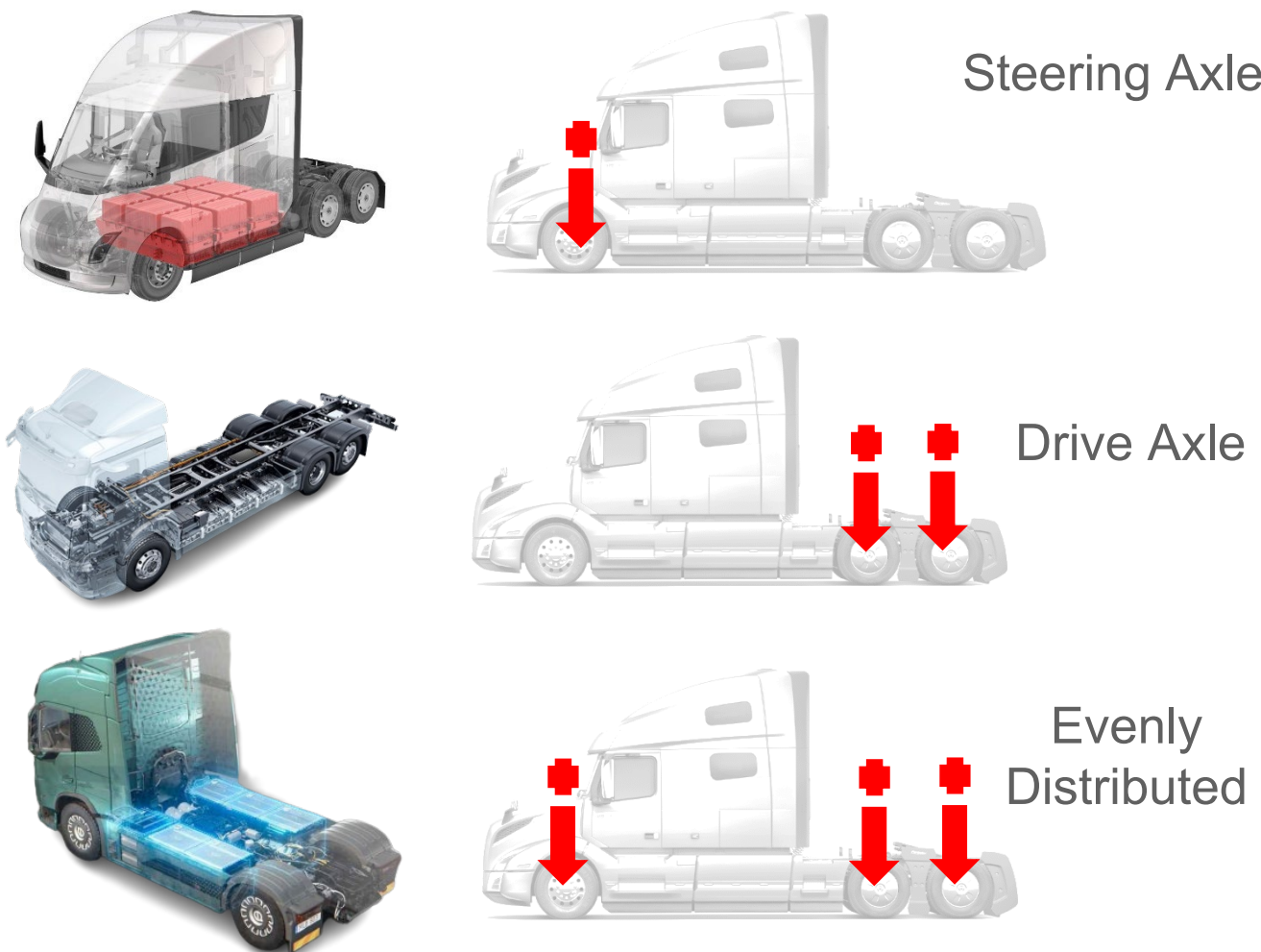
29%-44% Savings



86% Global Warming Potential



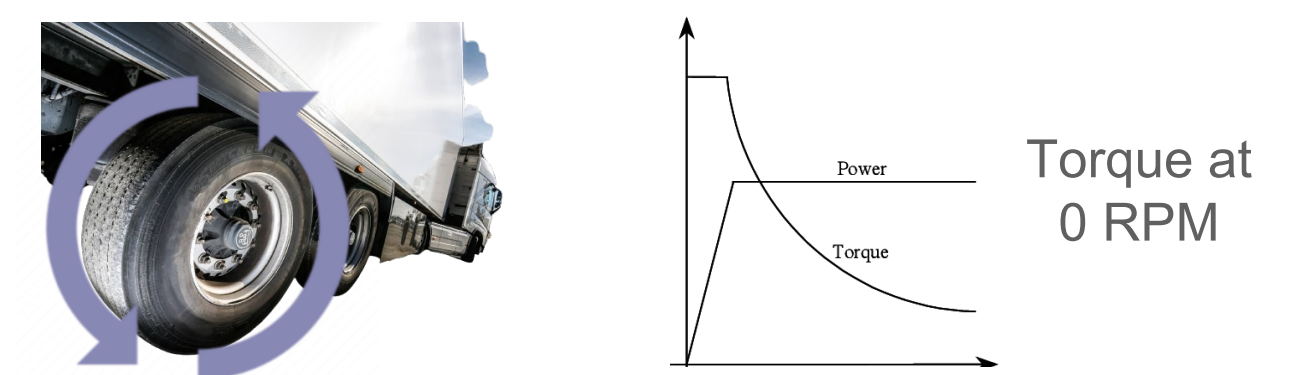
New Weight Distribution



Increased Axle Loading

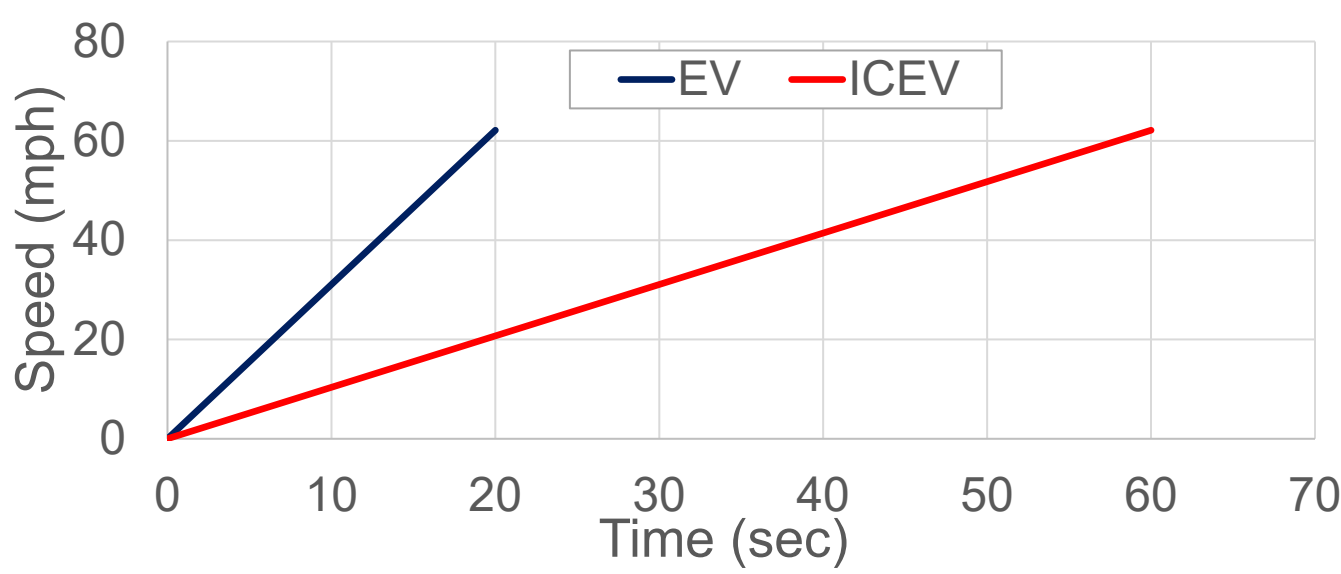


Increased Torque



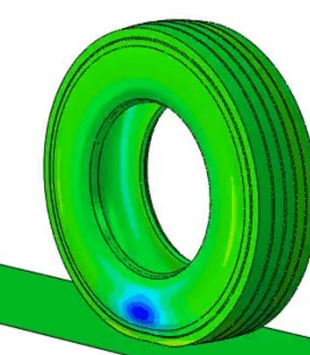
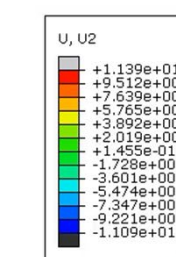
IMPACT OF HEAVY-DUTY TRUCK ELECTRIFICATION ON FLEXIBLE PAVEMENTS

Difference between EV and ICEV



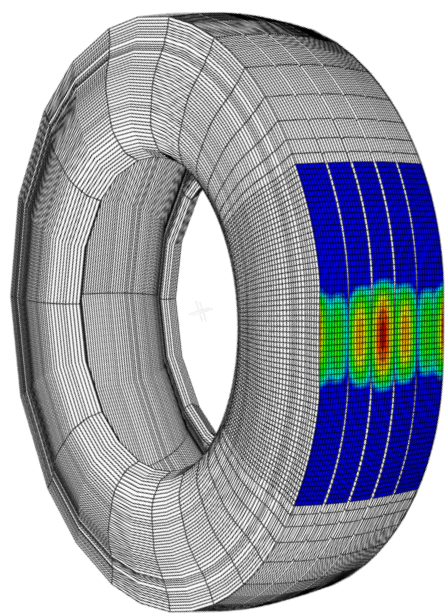
Considerations

- Engine torque \neq tire torque
- Shorter time from 0 to 100 km/h can be a surrogate of larger torque

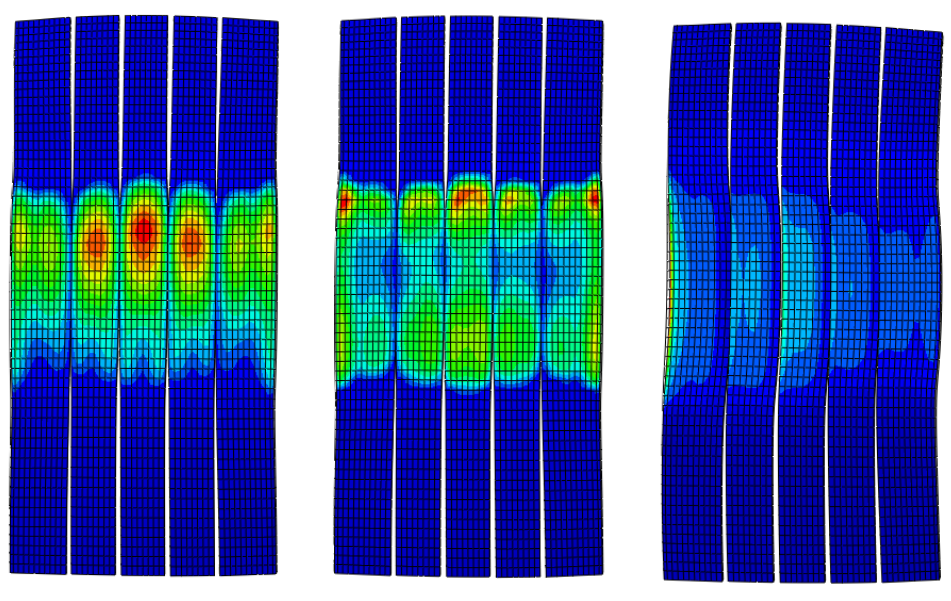


- Real-life torque application
- Contact stresses reflect increase in torque

Higher Torque

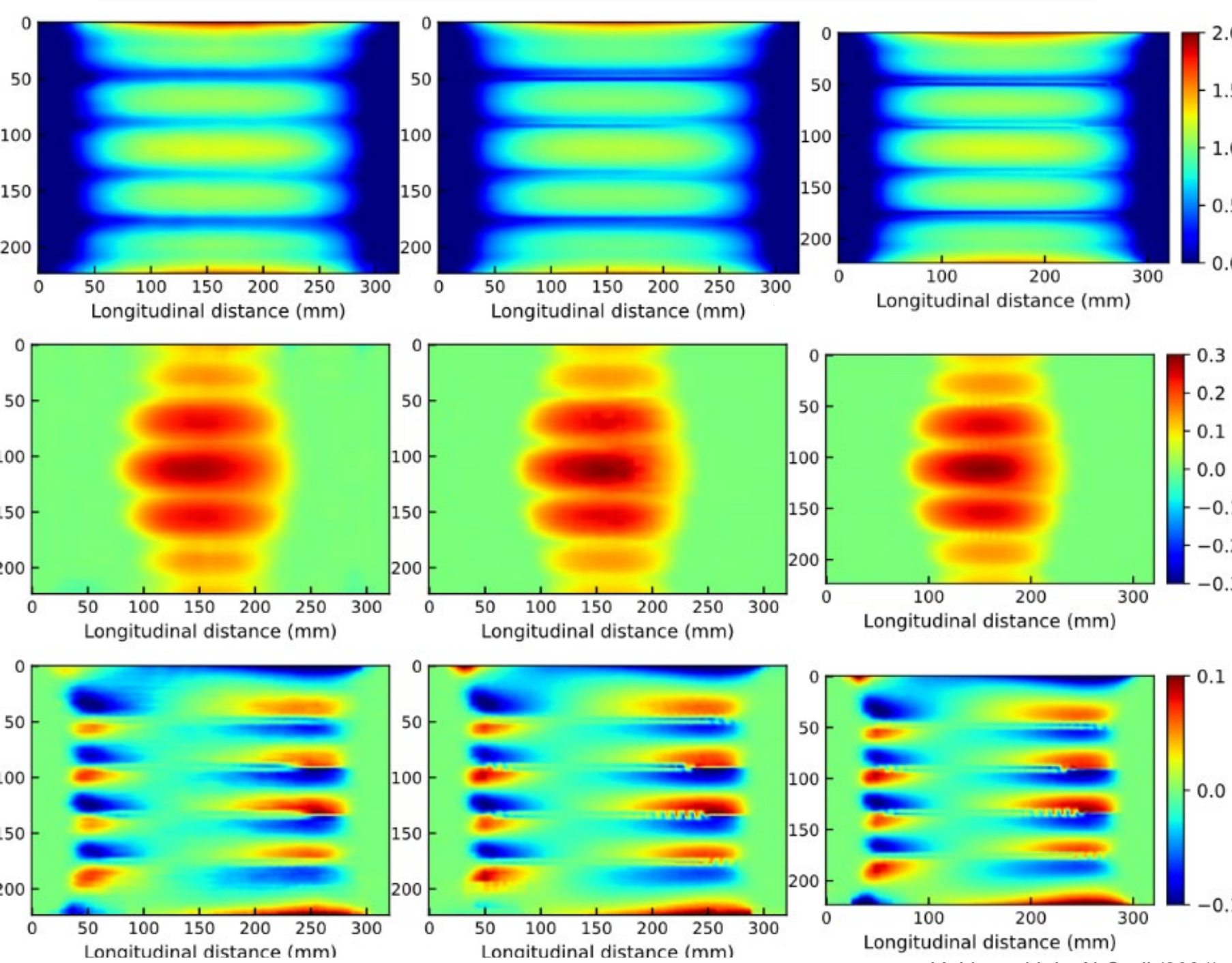


3D Tire Model



Braking Acceleration Cornering

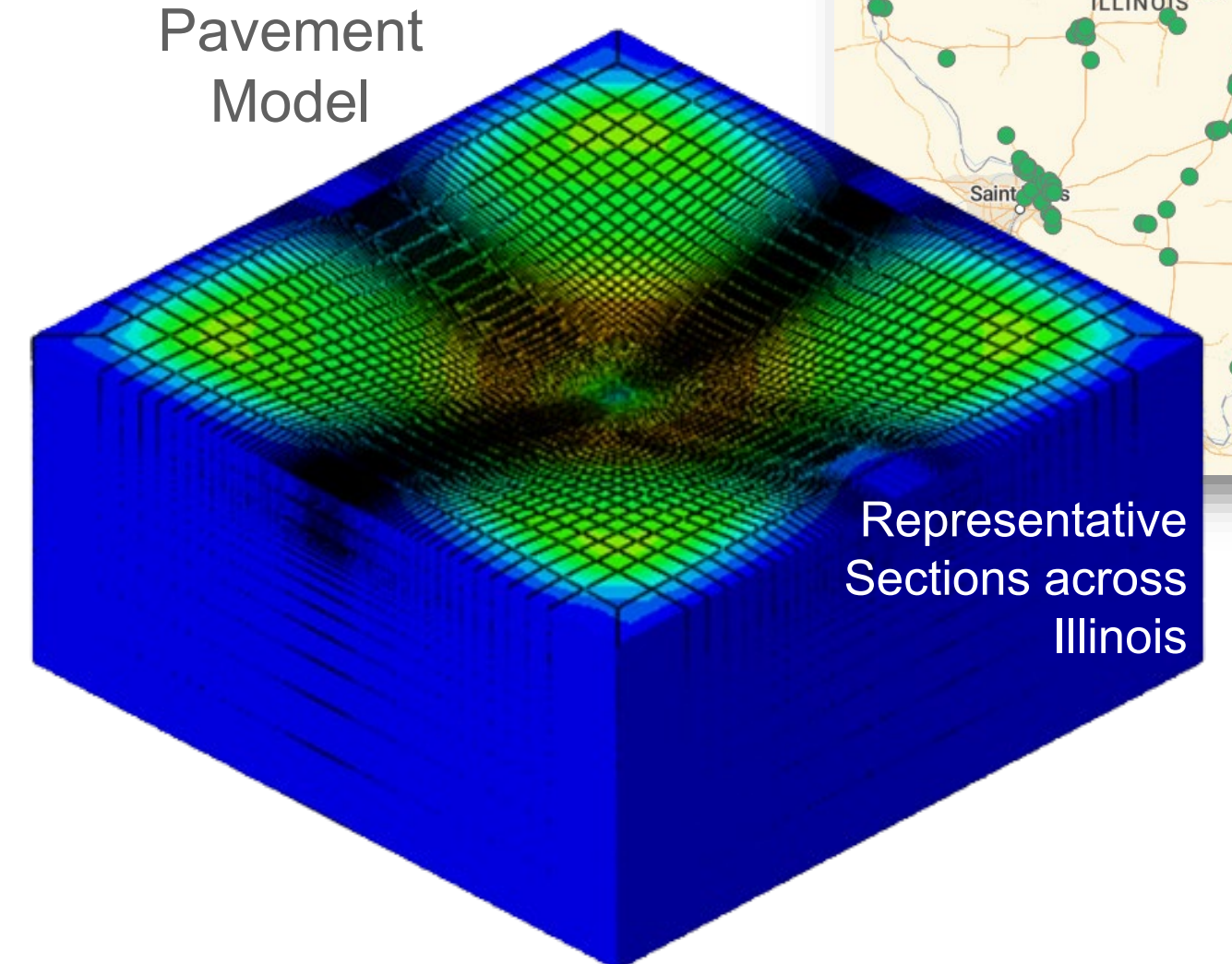
Change in 3D Contact Stress Distribution



X. Liu and I. L. Al-Qadi (2021)

Impact on Pavement Responses

3D Flexible Pavement Model



Representative Sections across Illinois

FIELD VALIDATION

Accelerated Pavement Testing



- Instrumented pavement section
- Heavy-duty truck tire at various rolling conditions

ASPHALT CONCRETE MIXTURE & PAVEMENT DESIGN CHANGES

Traffic Load and Spectra

Calculate Traffic Factor

Adjustment for electric truck torque and load increase

Material Inputs

Determine subgrade support rating

Determine PG binder grade

Determine HMA temperature

Optimize and/or recommend suitable materials

HMA Structure Design

Determine HMA design strain

Determine HMA design pavement modulus

Determine HMA design thickness

Optimize and/or recommend thickness changes